

Tartalomjegyzék

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Sage

Derivatives

2 points Define $f(x) = x^3 e^{-x^2}$ and plot $f, f', \dots, f^{(5)}(x)$ on the interval $[-2, 2]$. Use list comprehension for calculating the derivatives and use `sum()` to add plots into a single picture.

Collatz

2 points Define a function similar to Collatz:

- If n is odd, let $g(n) = 3n + 1$
- otherwise divide n by the maximum power of 2 which divides n

$$2^{a_1} \cdot 3^{a_2} \cdot 5^{a_3} \cdot \dots \mapsto 3^{a_2} \cdot 5^{a_3} \cdot \dots$$

For example $53 \rightarrow 160 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 16 \rightarrow 1$

Pythagoras

2 points Find all the Pythagorean triples up to 1000. You need $1000 \geq i > j \geq k > 0$ where $j^2 + k^2 = i^2$ and all integers. You cannot list the same triple twice.

Pythagoras 2

2 points Find all the Pythagorean triples up to 100000. Mind that three **for** up to 100000 would take days, so you need to generate the triples with a formula, see

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pythagorean_triple#Generating_a_triple

Deadline

2018.12.13 Thursday 23:59

Download the solution notebook in a .sws format and attach that.